Reprint as at 1 January 2010



Arms Regulations 1992

(SR 1992/346)

Catherine A Tizard, Governor-General

Order in Council

At Wellington this 7th day of December 1992

Present:

Her Excellency the Governor-General in Council

Pursuant to section 74 of the Arms Act 1983, Her Excellency the Governor-General, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, hereby makes the following regulations.

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Title and commencement

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Note

Changes authorised by section 17C of the Acts and Regulations Publication Act 1989 have been made in this reprint.

A general outline of these changes is set out in the notes at the end of this reprint, together with other explanatory material about this reprint.

These regulations are administered by the New Zealand Police.

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Regulations

1 Title and commencement

- (1) These regulations may be cited as the Arms Regulations 1992.
- (2) These regulations shall come into force on 11 December 1992.

2 Interpretation

In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, **the Act** means the Arms Act 1983

armoury contractor means a person who, under a contract with the Chief of Defence Force, is administering 1 or more defence armouries

defence area has the meaning given to that term by section 2(1) of the Defence Act 1990

defence armoury means an armoury of the New Zealand Defence Force.

Regulation 2: substituted, on 15 June 1998, by regulation 2 of the Arms Amendment Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/155).

Licensed dealers

3 Application for dealer's licence

- (1) Every application for a dealer's licence shall be in writing and shall be signed by the applicant.
- (2) The application shall state—
 - (a) the full name of the applicant; and
 - (b) the sex of the applicant; and
 - (c) the date of birth of the applicant; and
 - (d) the address and occupation of the applicant; and
 - (e) the number of the applicant's firearms licence; and
 - (f) the address of the place at which the business is to be carried on; and
 - (g) if the applicant intends to manufacture firearms, the class or classes of firearms intended to be manufactured.
- (3) Where the applicant wishes to carry on business at more than 1 address, the applicant shall apply for a separate licence in respect of each address.

4 Place of application

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Every application for a dealer's licence shall be delivered to the Arms Office nearest to the place of business named in the application.

5 Form of dealer's licence

The Commissioner may from time to time prescribe the form of a dealer's licence.

6 Application in relation to gun show

- (1) Every application under section 7A of the Act shall be in writing and shall be signed by the applicant.
- (2) The application shall state—
 - (a) the full name of the applicant; and
 - (b) the address of the place at which the gun show is to be conducted; and
 - (c) the period (not exceeding 5 days) over which the gun show is to be held.
- (3) The application shall be delivered to the Arms Office nearest to the place at which the gun show is to be conducted.

7 Records kept by licensed dealers

- (1) Every licensed dealer shall record,—
 - (a) in respect of every firearm, pistol, military style semiautomatic firearm, or restricted weapon received by the licensed dealer (including every firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon received for sale, repair, or modification)—
 - (i) particulars of the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon received (including the serial number, calibre, make, and model); and
 - (ii) the date of receipt of the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon; and
 - (iii) except in the case of a pistol or restricted weapon received under section 10(2) of the Act, the name and address of the person from whom the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon is received and the number of that person's firearms licence:
 - (b) in respect of every firearm, pistol, military style semiautomatic firearm, or restricted weapon manufactured by the licensed dealer,—

		(i)	particulars of the freeron nistal military style
		(i)	particulars of the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon (in-
			cluding the serial number, calibre, make, and model); and
		(ii)	the date on which the manufacture of the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon is completed:
	(c)	in res	spect of every firearm, pistol, military style semi-
		autor	natic firearm, or restricted weapon delivered—
		(i)	particulars of the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon; and
		(ii)	the date of delivery; and
		(iii)	the name and address of the person to whom it is
			delivered; and
		(iv)	the number of the firearms licence of the person to whom it is delivered; and
		(v)	in the case of a pistol, military style semi-auto- matic firearm, or restricted weapon delivered to
			a person who requires a permit to procure it, the date and place of issue of the permit:
	(d)	in res	spect of every airgun delivered to a person who is
		betw	een 16 and 18 years of age—
		(i)	the name and address of that person; and
		(ii)	the number of that person's firearms licence.
(2)	-		lars specified in subclause (1) shall be recorded by dealer in the book required by section 12(1) of the
			ept by the licensed dealer at the place of business in the licence.
(3)			hall be kept so as to disclose readily the particulars be recorded in it.
(4)	Each	entry s	shall be made at or immediately following the time action to which it relates.
(5)			kept under section 12(1) of the Act by any licensed
	deale	r shall	be retained by that licensed dealer for at least 5 the date of the last entry therein.

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8 Conditions relating to security precautions

Every dealer's licence shall be subject to the following conditions:

- (a) the building in which the dealer's place of business is located shall be, and be maintained, in a structurally sound condition:
- (b) the doors that can give access to the dealer's place of business, and their locks, bolts, hinges, and other fastenings, shall be strong and stout and shall be maintained in good condition:
- (c) the windows, skylights, or other things intended to cover openings to the dealer's place of business, and their locks, bolts, hinges, and other fastenings, shall be maintained in good condition:
- (d) all such doors and all such windows, skylights, and other things shall be capable of being secured against unlawful entry:
- (e) whenever the dealer's place of business is left unattended or unoccupied, the dealer shall ensure that all reasonable steps are taken to secure the place of business from unlawful entry:
- (f) the dealer shall ensure that all firearms (other than airguns and miniature replica cannon) at the dealer's place of business, which are not in the physical possession of the dealer or of a member of the dealer's staff or which are not being displayed to a customer under the immediate continuous personal supervision of the dealer or of a member of the dealer's staff, are either—
 - (i) dismantled, rendered inoperable, or immobilised (which includes securing them in a display cabinet or rack so that they cannot be readily removed), in a manner approved for the time being either generally or in the particular case by a member of the Police, so that none of them can be fired; or
 - (ii) locked up in a steel box or a steel cabinet (being a box or cabinet secured to the building) or in a steel safe or in a steel and concrete strongroom, which such box, cabinet, safe, or strong-

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room shall be of sound construction and of a type approved for the time being either generally or in the particular case by a member of the Police:

- (g) where vital parts are removed from a firearm for the purpose of complying with paragraph (f)(i), those parts shall be locked up in a box, cabinet, safe, or strongroom complying with paragraph (f)(ii) or in a secure place in premises separate from the premises in which the firearm is stored:
- (h) all pistols (other than air pistols or miniature replica cannon) at the dealer's place of business which are not in the physical possession of the dealer or of a member of the dealer's staff or which are not being displayed to a customer under the immediate and continuous personal supervision of the dealer or a member of the dealer's staff shall be locked up in a box, cabinet, safe, or strongroom complying with paragraph (f)(ii):
- all airguns at the dealer's place of business which are not in the physical possession of the dealer or of a member of the dealer's staff or which are not being displayed to a customer under the immediate and personal supervision of the dealer or a member of the dealer's staff shall be secured in a manner so that they cannot be readily removed.

9 Power to grant exemptions in respect of security precautions

- (1) Any commissioned officer of Police may, by writing, exempt any dealer from compliance with any of the conditions set out in regulation 7 if that officer is satisfied that the security conditions being observed by that dealer are sufficient to prevent the unlawful removal of firearms from the dealer's place of business.
- (2) Any exemption under subclause (1) may at any time in like manner be revoked by any commissioned officer of Police.
- (3) Any exemption under subclause (1) may be limited to such days or times or both as are specified in it.

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Importation of firearms, pistols, military style semi-automatic firearms, starting pistols, and restricted weapons

10 Permits to import firearms, pistols, military style semi-automatic firearms, starting pistols, or restricted weapons

- (1) Every application for a permit to import any firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon into New Zealand shall be in writing and shall be signed by the applicant.
- (2) The application shall state—
 - (a) the full name of the applicant; and
 - (b) the address and occupation of the applicant; and
 - (c) the quantity to be imported; and
 - (d) the description and country of origin of the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon to be imported; and
 - (e) the name of the manufacturer of the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon; and
 - (f) the place at which the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon is to be landed in New Zealand; and
 - (g) where the application relates to a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon, the special reasons why the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon should be allowed into New Zealand.

11 Place of application

Every application for a permit to import any firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon into New Zealand shall be delivered to the Arms Office nearest to the place of business or the place of residence of the applicant or the place at which the firearms are to be landed.

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12 Identification numbers

- (1) Every person who imports into New Zealand a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon (other than a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon that is an antique firearm) that does not bear a serial number, shall stamp, or cause to be stamped, in clear view on the frame of that pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon, within 30 days after the day on which it is imported, a number by which that pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon may be identified.
- (2) Every person commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$400 who contravenes subclause (1).

13 Notification of importation

- (1) Every person who imports any firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon into New Zealand pursuant to a permit issued under section 16(1) of the Act shall, within 30 days after the day on which the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon is so imported, deliver notice in writing of the importation to the Arms Office from which the permit was issued.
- (2) The notice shall state—
 - (a) the full name of the applicant; and
 - (b) the address and occupation of the applicant; and
 - (c) the quantity imported; and
 - (d) the description and country of origin of the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon imported, which description shall include the serial number or identification number of the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon; and
 - (e) the name of the manufacturer of the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon; and
 - (f) the place at which the firearm, pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, starting pistol, or restricted weapon was landed in New Zealand; and

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- (g) the date of importation; and
- (h) the date on which and the place at which the permit under section 16(1) of the Act was issued.
- (3) Every person commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$400 who contravenes subclause (1).

Firearms licences

14 Applicants to undergo theoretical test

Every applicant for a firearms licence shall, unless a commissioned officer of Police otherwise directs,—

- (a) undergo a course of training which is conducted by a member of the Police or a person approved for the purpose by a member of the Police and which is designed to teach the applicant to handle firearms safely; and
- (b) pass such theoretical tests as may be required to determine the applicant's ability to handle firearms safely (being tests conducted by a member of the Police or a person approved for the purpose by a member of the Police).

15 Supply of particulars for firearms licence

- (1) Every application for a firearms licence shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the applicant.
- (2) The application shall state—
 - (a) the full name of the applicant; and
 - (b) the date of birth of the applicant; and
 - (c) the place of birth of the applicant; and
 - (d) the address and occupation of the applicant; and
 - (e) the place at which the applicant carries on his or her occupation; and
 - (f) the name and address of a near relative of the applicant; and
 - (g) the name and address of a person (not being a near relative of the applicant) of whom inquiries can be made about whether the applicant is a fit and proper person to be in possession of a firearm; and

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- (h) whether the applicant has been convicted of any offence, whether in New Zealand or any other country; and
- (i) whether the applicant has previously made application to be issued with a firearms licence whether in New Zealand or any other country and has been refused.

16 Place of application

- (1) An applicant for a firearms licence shall attend in person at an Arms Office and shall complete at that Arms Office his or her application for a firearms licence.
- (2) The Arms Office at which the applicant attends shall be either—
 - (a) the Arms Office nearest to the applicant's place of employment; or
 - (b) the Arms Office nearest to the applicant's place of residence.

17 Form of firearms licence

The Commissioner may from time to time prescribe the form of a firearms licence.

18 Action on death of licensee

Where the holder of a firearms licence in respect of a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon dies, the personal representative of the holder of the firearms licence or any other person who obtains possession of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon, shall forthwith notify the Police of—

- (a) the death; and
- (b) the location of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon.

19 Conditions relating to security precautions

- (1) Every firearms licence shall be subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) the holder shall not put a firearm in such a place that a young child has ready access to it:

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- (b) the holder, where he or she has both a firearm and ammunition for it in his or her possession, either—
 - shall take reasonable steps to ensure that the ammunition is not stored in such a way that a person who obtains access to the firearm also obtains access to the ammunition; or
 - (ii) shall ensure that, where the ammunition is stored with the firearm, the firearm is not capable of being discharged:
- (c) the holder shall take reasonable steps to ensure that any firearm in the holder's possession is secured against theft:
- (d) the holder shall, where he or she has possession of a firearm that is—
 - (i) a flare pistol; or
 - (ii) a humane killer; or
 - (iii) a stock marking pistol,—

keep it in a locked container, except where it is under the holder's immediate and personal supervision.

- (2) On and after 1 July 1993 the reasonable steps required by subclause (1)(c) shall include—
 - (a) keeping on the holder's premises—
 - (i) a lockable cabinet, container, or receptacle of stout construction in which firearms may be stored; or
 - (ii) a lockable steel and concrete strongroom in which firearms may be stored; or
 - (iii) a display cabinet or rack in which firearms may be immobilised and locked so that none of them may be fired; and
 - (b) keeping locked or immobilised and locked in the cabinet, container, receptacle, strongroom, display cabinet, or rack required by paragraph (a) every firearm which is on the holder's premises and which is not under immediate and personal supervision of the holder or some other holder of a firearms licence; and
 - (c) ensuring that no firearm in the holder's possession is left in a vehicle that is unattended.

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Exemption from general restriction on possession of firearms

(b) an improvised explosive device disrupter.

Endorsements in respect of pistols

21 Application by visitor to New Zealand for endorsement in respect of pistol

- (1) For the purposes of section 29 of the Act, a visitor to New Zealand who wishes to use a pistol for competitive shooting on a pistol range in New Zealand is a class of person who may be permitted to obtain an endorsement permitting that person to have possession of a pistol in that person's capacity as such a visitor.
- (2) The class of person specified in subclause (1) is in addition to the classes of persons specified in paragraphs (a) to (f) of section 29(2) of the Act.

Conditions of endorsements in respect of pistols and restricted weapons

22 Conditions of endorsements in respect of pistols and restricted weapons

- (1) Where an endorsement made under section 30 of the Act permits a person to have possession of a pistol in his or her capacity as a member of an incorporated pistol shooting club for the time being recognised by the Commissioner for the purposes of section 29 of the Act, that endorsement shall be subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) a condition that that person may use the pistol only for target pistol shooting on a pistol range approved by the Commissioner for the purpose:
 - (b) a condition that that person participate actively in the affairs of the pistol shooting club by taking part in its activities, on the pistol range used by that club, on at least 12 days in each year.

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- (2) Where an endorsement made under section 30 of the Act permits a person to have possession of a pistol or a restricted weapon in his or her capacity as—
 - (a) a bona fide collector of firearms; or
 - (b) a person to whom the pistol or restricted weapon has special significance as an heirloom or memento; or
 - (c) the Director or Curator of a bona fide museum; or
 - (d) an approved employee or approved member of any body, being—
 - (i) a broadcaster within the meaning of the Broadcasting Act 1989; or
 - (ii) any bona fide theatre company or society or cinematic or television film production company or video recording production company,—

that endorsement shall be subject to the condition that that person shall not under any circumstances use live ammunition in the pistol or restricted weapon.

(3) The conditions imposed by subclauses (1) and (2) are in addition to any other conditions imposed by or under the Act or these regulations.

> Endorsements in respect of pistols, military style semi-automatic firearms, and restricted weapons

23 Forms of endorsement

The Commissioner may from time to time prescribe the form of any endorsement made on a firearms licence under section 30 or section 30B of the Act.

Permits to procure pistols, military style semi-automatic firearms, and restricted weapons

24 Application for permit to procure pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon

- (1) Every application for a permit to procure a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon shall state—
 - (a) the full name of the applicant; and
 - (b) the address of the applicant; and

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- (c) the number of the applicant's firearms licence; and
- (d) the general description of the pistol, military style semiautomatic firearm, or restricted weapon; and
- (e) the location of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon; and
- (f) the full name of the owner of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon; and
- (g) the number of the owner's firearms licence.
- (2) Nothing in subclause (1) or in section 35 or section 44 of the Act shall apply in respect of any pistol that is an antique firearm or any restricted weapon that is an antique firearm.

25 Place of application

Every application for a permit to procure a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon shall be delivered to either—

- (a) the Arms Office nearest to the applicant's address; or
- (b) the Arms Office nearest to the applicant's place of employment.

26 Delivery of permit

- (1) Every person who pursuant to a permit to procure a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon obtains possession of any pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon shall deliver the permit to the person handing over possession of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon.
- (2) The person handing over possession of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon—
 - (a) shall forthwith write on the permit—
 - (i) a description of the pistol, military style semiautomatic firearm, or restricted weapon, including the make, model, calibre, and serial number or identification number; and
 - (ii) the date of delivery of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon; and
 - (iii) his or her signature; and
 - (iv) the number of his or her firearms licence; and

- (b) shall then return the permit to the person obtaining possession of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon.
- (3) The person obtaining possession of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon shall forthwith return the permit to the Arms Office at which the permit was issued and, at that Arms Office, produce the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon to a member of the Police for inspection.

27 Identification numbers

- (1) Every person who hands over possession of any pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon to a person who holds a permit to procure that pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon shall, if that pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon does not bear a serial number, stamp, or cause to be stamped, in clear view on the frame of that pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon, before it is handed over, a number by which that pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon may be identified.
- (2) Every person commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$400 who contravenes subclause (1).

28 Security precautions in relation to pistols, military style semi-automatic firearms, and restricted weapons

(1) Every person who is lawfully entitled to possession of a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon other than an air pistol by virtue of a permit under section 18 of the Act or a firearms licence endorsed under section 30 or section 30B of the Act shall ensure that, except when the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon is in his or her immediate physical possession or is being used, in accordance with section 31 of the Act, for the purpose of making a broadcast or producing or staging a play or filming a cinematic production or television film or is in the custody of a licensed dealer or a member of the Police, it is—

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	(a)	kept in a steel and concrete strong	oom of sound con-
		struction and of a type approved fo	r the time being in
		writing either generally or in the p	articular case by a
		member of the Police; or	
	(b)	kept in a room of stout and secure co	onstruction capable
		of being adequately secured against	unlawful entry, be-
		ing in every case a room which is ap	proved for the pur-
		pose by a member of the Police an	d which meets the
		following requirements:	
		(i) the room shall be in structural	ly sound condition:
		(ii) the doors that give access to	the room, and their
		locks, bolts, hinges, and other	fastenings shall be

in good condition:

- (iii) the windows, skylights, or other things intended to cover openings to the room, and their locks, bolts, hinges, and other fastenings shall be in good condition:
- the doors referred to in subparagraph (ii) and the (iv) windows, skylights, and other things referred to in subparagraph (iii) shall be capable of being secured against unlawful entry; or
- (c) locked in a steel safe or steel box or steel cabinet (being in every case a safe, box, or cabinet of sound construction and of a type approved in writing either generally or in the particular case by a member of the Police) bolted or otherwise securely fixed (in a manner approved in writing either generally or in the particular case by a member of the Police) to the building within which the pistol or military style semi-automatic firearm or restricted weapon is kept.
- (2)Where a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon is kept in a steel box, steel cabinet, or steel safe in accordance with subclause (1)(c), ammunition for that firearm shall not be kept in that steel box, steel cabinet, or steel safe.
- (3) Where the governing body of a bona fide museum keeps a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon in a room in accordance with subclause (1)(b), that governing body shall ensure, if the room is one to which members of the

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public have access, that the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon is adequately secured, in a manner approved in each case by a member of the Police, to prevent unlawful removal.

- (4) The Commissioner may, by writing, exempt any person from compliance with any of the provisions of subclauses (1) to (3) where the Commissioner is satisfied that the precautions being taken by that person are sufficient to prevent unlawful removal of the pistol or restricted weapon; and any such exemption may in like manner be revoked.
- (5) Every permit under section 18 of the Act and every firearms licence that is endorsed under section 30 or section 30B of the Act shall be deemed to be issued subject to the condition that every person who is lawfully entitled to possession of a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon by virtue of that permit or firearms licence (as so endorsed) will observe the provisions of this regulation to the extent that they are applicable to that person.

Miscellaneous provisions

29 Inspection of pistols, military style semi-automatic firearms, and restricted weapons

- (1) Every dealer's licence and every other permit, licence, or endorsement granted under the Act shall be deemed to be granted subject to the condition that, where any person is in possession of a pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon (other than an air pistol) by virtue of that permit, licence, or endorsement, that person shall—
 - (a) produce that pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon to any member of the Police on demand; and
 - (b) permit the member of the Police to inspect the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, and restricted weapon and the place where it is kept, and, for that purpose, to enter at all reasonable times upon the premises where the place is situated.
- (2) It is the duty of every member of the Police exercising any power conferred by subclause (1)—

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	(a)	to identify himself or herself to the person in posses of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearr restricted weapon; and		
	(b)	to tell the person in possession of the pistol, military style semi-automatic firearm, or restricted weapon that the power is being exercised pursuant to subclause (1); and		
	(c)	if he or she is not in uniform, to produce on initial entry, and, if requested, at any subsequent time, evidence that he or she is a member of the Police.		
30	Whe supp	 in the purposes of any application, application,	a photograph or d: 12 months before : head, and shoul- ad filling most of or head covering gion requires the ng):	
	(b)	(vii) be a colour photograph.(vii) be a good likeness of the person (viii) be on good quality paper; and those photographs shall, where two ph quired, be identical.		

30A Staff members of corrections prisons may carry or possess pepper spray

(1) In this regulation,—

corrections prison has the same meaning as in section 3(1) of the Corrections Act 2004

pepper spray has the same meaning as in regulation 120A of the Corrections Regulations 2005

staff member has the same meaning as in section 3(1) of the Corrections Act 2004.

(2) A staff member of a corrections prison may carry or possess pepper spray belonging to the Crown for the purposes of regulations 121 to 123 of the Corrections Regulations 2005. Regulation 30A: inserted, on 1 January 2010, by regulation 4 of the Arms Amendment Regulations 2009 (SR 2009/373).

31 Power to authorise carriage of firearms by officers of penal institutions

[Revoked]

Regulation 31: revoked, on 1 June 2005, by section 207 of the Corrections Act 2004 (2004 No 50).

31A Armoury contractors may handle weapons in certain cases

- (1) If an armoury contractor is administering a defence armoury in a defence area, the armoury contractor and the armoury contractor's employees, while in that defence area, may carry or possess firearms, airguns, pistols, restricted weapons, ammunition, or explosives belonging to the Crown if the contract under which the armoury contractor is administering that defence armoury complies with subclause (2).
- (2) The contract must provide for—
 - (a) adequate security of the defence armoury to ensure that firearms, airguns, pistols, restricted weapons, ammunition, or explosives are stored securely and accounted for at all times; and
 - (b) the Chief of Defence Force to monitor the performance of the armoury contractor in administering the defence armoury.

Regulation 31A: inserted, on 15 June 1998, by regulation 3 of the Arms Amendment Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/155).

31B Chief of Defence Force to notify Commissioner of irregularities

If an armoury contractor is administering a defence armoury, the Chief of Defence Force must notify the Commissioner immediately after the Chief of Defence Force becomes aware that any firearm, airgun, pistol, restricted weapon, ammunition, or explosive is lost from or is unaccounted for at that defence armoury.

Regulation 31B: inserted, on 15 June 1998, by regulation 3 of the Arms Amendment Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/155).

31C Defence Force Orders not affected

These regulations do not limit or affect any Defence Force Order issued under section 27 of the Defence Act 1990.

Regulation 31C: inserted, on 15 June 1998, by regulation 3 of the Arms Amendment Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/155).

32 Replacement of lost licence, etc

- (1) On application by any person to whom a licence or permit has been issued, and on proof to the satisfaction of a member of the Police by statement in writing, statutory declaration, or other evidence that the licence or permit or any copy of the licence or permit has been lost, destroyed, or mutilated, or has become illegible, and on payment of the prescribed fee, the member of the Police may, at any time during the currency of the licence or permit, issue to the applicant a duplicate of the licence or permit, including any endorsement made thereon, or a new licence.
- (2) [*Revoked*]

Regulation 32(2): revoked, on 1 February 1999, by regulation 3 of the Arms Amendment Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/466).

- 33 Fees
- (1) The fees specified in column A of the Schedule are payable in respect of the applications and matters set out in the Schedule, in respect of the period beginning on 1 February 1999 and ending with the close of 31 July 1999.
- (1A) The fees specified in column B of the Schedule are payable in respect of the applications and matters set out in the Schedule, on and after 1 August 1999.
- (2) All such fees shall be prepaid.
- (3) All amounts received as fees shall be paid into a Crown Bank Account or a Departmental Bank Account.

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1 January 2010	Arms Regulations 1992

Regulation 33(1): substituted, on 1 February 1999, by regulation 4 of the Arms Amendment Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/466).

Regulation 33(1A): inserted, on 1 February 1999, by regulation 4 of the Arms Amendment Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/466).

Regulation 33(3): amended, on 25 January 2005, pursuant to section 65R(3) of the Public Finance Act 1989 (1989 No 44).

34 Goods and services tax included

The fees prescribed by these regulations are inclusive of goods and services tax under the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985.

35 Revocations

The Arms Regulations 1984 (SR 1984/121) and the Arms Regulations 1984, Amendment No 1 (SR 1988/40) are hereby revoked.

		Reprinted as at
Schedule	Arms Regulations 1992	1 January 2010

Schedule Fees payable

Schedule: substituted, on 1 February 1999, by regulation 2 of the Arms Amendment Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/466).

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	Column A Effective 1 February 1999 (\$)	Effective	
Firearms licences			
Application for a firearms licence—			
 (a) by any person visiting New Zealand for a period not exceeding 12 months 	25.00	25.00	
 (b) by any person whose previous firearms licence either— (i) expired; or (ii) was deemed to be revoked by section 38(1) of the Arms Amendment Act 1992, and was not reinstated under section 39 of that Act 		236.25	
(c) by any other person	123.75	123.75	
Application for replacement of firearms licence	25.00	25.00	
Dealers licences			
Application for a dealer's licence	200.00	200.00	
Application for renewal of a dealer's 200.00 licence			
Application under section 7A of the50.0050.00Act for consent in respect of a gunshow50.0050.00			

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	Column A Effective 1 February 1999 (\$)	
Endorsements		
Application for 1 or more endorse- ments under section 29 or section 30A of the Act provided that no fee is payable—	200.00	200.00
 (a) if the firearms licence to be endorsed is held by a visitor to New Zealand who wishes to use a pistol for international competitive shooting on a pistol range in New Zealand; or 		
(b) if the firearms licence to be en- dorsed is held by a visitor to New Zealand who wishes to use a military style semi-automatic firearm for competitive shoot- ing on a shooting range in New Zealand.		

Bob MacFarlane, Acting for Clerk of the Executive Council.

Issued under the authority of the Acts and Regulations Publication Act 1989. Date of notification in *Gazette*: 10 December 1992.

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Notes

1 General

This is a reprint of the Arms Regulations 1992. The reprint incorporates all the amendments to the regulations as at 1 January 2010, as specified in the list of amendments at the end of these notes.

Relevant provisions of any amending enactments that have yet to come into force or that contain relevant transitional or savings provisions are also included, after the principal enactment, in chronological order.

2 Status of reprints

Under section 16D of the Acts and Regulations Publication Act 1989, reprints are presumed to correctly state, as at the date of the reprint, the law enacted by the principal enactment and by the amendments to that enactment. This presumption applies even though editorial changes authorised by section 17C of the Acts and Regulations Publication Act 1989 have been made in the reprint.

This presumption may be rebutted by producing the official volumes of statutes or statutory regulations in which the principal enactment and its amendments are contained.

3 How reprints are prepared

A number of editorial conventions are followed in the preparation of reprints. For example, the enacting words are not included in Acts, and provisions that are repealed or revoked are omitted. For a detailed list of the editorial conventions, *see*

Notes

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http://www.pco.parliament.govt.nz/legislation/reprints.shtml or Part 8 of the *Tables of Acts and Ordinances and Statutory Regulations, and Deemed Regulations in Force.*

4 Changes made under section 17C of the Acts and Regulations Publication Act 1989

Section 17C of the Acts and Regulations Publication Act 1989 authorises the making of editorial changes in a reprint as set out in sections 17D and 17E of that Act so that, to the extent permitted, the format and style of the reprinted enactment is consistent with current legislative drafting practice. Changes that would alter the effect of the legislation are not permitted. A new format of legislation was introduced on 1 January 2000. Changes to legislative drafting style have also been made since

1997, and are ongoing. To the extent permitted by section 17C of the Acts and Regulations Publication Act 1989, all legislation reprinted after 1 January 2000 is in the new format for legislation and reflects current drafting practice at the time of the reprint.

In outline, the editorial changes made in reprints under the authority of section 17C of the Acts and Regulations Publication Act 1989 are set out below, and they have been applied, where relevant, in the preparation of this reprint:

- omission of unnecessary referential words (such as "of this section" and "of this Act")
- typeface and type size (Times Roman, generally in 11.5 point)
- layout of provisions, including:
 - indentation
 - position of section headings (eg, the number and heading now appear above the section)
- format of definitions (eg, the defined term now appears in bold type, without quotation marks)
- format of dates (eg, a date formerly expressed as "the 1st day of January 1999" is now expressed as "1 January 1999")
- position of the date of assent (it now appears on the front page of each Act)

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- punctuation (eg, colons are not used after definitions)
- Parts numbered with roman numerals are replaced with arabic numerals, and all cross-references are changed accordingly
- case and appearance of letters and words, including:
 - format of headings (eg, headings where each word formerly appeared with an initial capital letter followed by small capital letters are amended so that the heading appears in bold, with only the first word (and any proper nouns) appearing with an initial capital letter)
 - small capital letters in section and subsection references are now capital letters
- schedules are renumbered (eg, Schedule 1 replaces First Schedule), and all cross-references are changed accordingly
- running heads (the information that appears at the top of each page)
- format of two-column schedules of consequential amendments, and schedules of repeals (eg, they are rearranged into alphabetical order, rather than chronological).

5 List of amendments incorporated in this reprint (most recent first)

Arms Amendment Regulations 2009 (SR 2009/373) Corrections Act 2004 (2004 No 50): section 207 Arms Amendment Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/466) Arms Amendment Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/155) Public Finance Act 1989 (1989 No 44): section 65R(3)